

Tax alert: Comprehensive amendments introduced in the India-China tax treaty

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Summary

India and China had signed a protocol for amending the existing tax treaty between the two countries on 26 November 2018. India has notified this protocol on 17 July 2019. Changes in the treaty shall have effect in India in respect of income derived on or after 1 April 2020.

The protocol incorporates limitation of benefit clause containing the principal purpose test. Further, it comprehensively amends the manner of determining permanent establishment. It also incorporates provisions for exchange of information between the two countries in line with latest international standards.

Key amendments

Persons covered

• Fiscally transparent entity or arrangement

It has been provided that income derived by or through a wholly fiscally transparent entity or arrangement established in either of the contracting states shall be considered as income of the resident of the contracting state to the extent that the income is treated, for the purposes of taxation by that state, as the income of a resident of that contracting state.

• Treatment in case of dual-residency in cases other than individual

In such cases, residential status shall be determined by mutual agreement between competent authorities of India and China. For the purpose of determination, due regard shall be given to 'place of effective management', place of incorporation, and any other relevant factors. In the absence of any mutual agreement, the person shall not be entitled to benefit, if any, under the tax treaty.

Permanent establishment (PE)

The protocol replaces the entire article related to PE. Key changes in the article include:

• Construction/ Supervisory/ Installation PE Under the earlier provisions for the purpose of determining 183-day threshold, cumulative days on **other such** sites/ projects/ activities was to be considered. This has been amended as follows:

- **Other such sites:** The reference to 'other such sites/ projects/ activities' has been removed.
- Activities undertaken by closely related enterprises: Where activities carried on during one or more period in aggregate do not exceed 183 days, connected activities carried by any closely related enterprises during different periods of time, if exceeding 30 days, at the same building site¹ shall be added for determining 183 day threshold.
- Service PE: Under the earlier provisions in the treaty, a service PE was constituted when furnishing of services continued for more than 183 days. This has been amended to provide that a Service PE could be created even when activities continue for the same or connected project. Further, threshold of 183 days is required to be checked within any 12-month period commencing or ending in the fiscal year concerned.
- Agency PE: Under the revised provisions a person undertaking following activities on behalf of an enterprise in other contracting state shall be deemed to create a PE except when the work is limited to preparatory and auxiliary character:

¹ or construction, installation or assembly project

- Habitually concludes contracts or habitually plays the principal role leading to conclusion of contracts² and these contracts are:
 - (i) In the name of the enterprise, or
 - (ii) For the transfer of the ownership of, or for the granting of the right to use, property owned by that enterprise or that the enterprise has the right to use, or
 - (iii) For the provision of services by that enterprise
- Habitually maintains a stock of goods or merchandise from which he regularly delivers goods or merchandise on behalf of the enterprise

• Activities by an independent agent

Agency PE shall not be created where activities are undertaken by an independent agent acting in the ordinary course of that business.

However, a person shall not be treated to be an independent agent if he is acting exclusively or almost exclusively on behalf of one or more closely related enterprises³.

• Preparatory and auxiliary activities:

Under the earlier provisions, a PE was not constituted where an enterprise maintained goods or merchandise solely for the purpose of **delivery**. This exclusion for delivery has now been removed.

Business profits

• Attribution of profits

Under the earlier provisions, no profit attribution was required if it was proved that the activities were either not performed by the PE or were not related to the PE. This provision has been removed. Also, the term 'directly or indirectly' attributable to PE has also been removed.

Principal purpose test

• Entitlement to benefits

A new article on 'entitlement to benefits' has been added which incorporates⁴ a principal purpose test (PPT). Accordingly, benefit under the treaty shall not be granted if it is proved that obtaining treaty benefit was one of the principal purposes of the arrangement or transaction. This would however not apply in cases where it is established that granting the treaty benefit would be in accordance with the object and purpose of the treaty.

Preamble of the treaty

Elimination of treaty shopping

The preamble to the treaty has been replaced and interalia reflects the intent to eliminate double taxation without creating opportunities for non-taxation or reduced taxation through tax evasion or avoidance (including through treaty-shopping arrangements)

company, more than 50% of the aggregate vote and value of the company's shares or of the beneficial equity interest in the company) or if another person or enterprise possesses directly or indirectly more than 50 per cent of the beneficial interest (or, in the case of a company, more than 50 per cent of the aggregate vote and value of the company's shares or of the beneficial equity interest in the company) in the person and the enterprise or in the two enterprises. ⁴ Article 27A has been inserted

 $^{^{\}rm 2}\,$ that are routinely concluded without material modification by the enterprise

³ A person or enterprise is closely related to an enterprise if, based on all the relevant facts and circumstances, one has control of the other or both are under the control of the same persons or enterprises. In any case, a person or enterprise shall be considered to be closely related to an enterprise if one possesses directly or indirectly more than 50% of the beneficial interest in the other (or, in the case of a

Our comments

The treaty has been amended in line with international standards emanating out of Organisation of Economic Cooperation and Development's (OECD) Base Erosion and Profit Shifting (BEPS) action plans. Taxpayers would now have to relook at their existing arrangements and structures and align them with these changes so as to ensure that they continue to avail the treaty benefits.

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